Where Will Our Workers (or Children) Live?

Maintaining a Balanced Community and Meeting Naperville's Housing Needs







Introduction

- What is affordable housing?
- What is the housing crisis facing Naperville and DuPage County?
- How can we maintain a balanced community for Naperville?
- Policies in action: what's working around the Chicago region and around the country?

What is Affordable Housing?

"Housing for which the occupant is paying no more than 30% of his or her income for gross housing costs, including utilities."

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development



Community Housing Association of DuPage (CHAD)

JUST Homes Program

Four-Bedroom Home in Carol Stream selling for \$127,740

Who Needs Affordable Housing in Naperville and DuPage County?

The 2006
Area Median Income (AMI)
for the Chicago region is:

\$72,400*

80% AMI = \$59,600*

- Teachers
- Police Officers
- Retail Clerks
- Retirees
- Nurses
- Secretaries
- Firefighters
- Bank Tellers
- Social Workers
- Hospital Aides
- Clergy
- Paralegals

^{*}Denotes a household of four.

Who Needs Affordable Housing in DuPage County?

<u>Occupations</u>	Combined Median Wage	Affordable Home*	Actual Median Home**	THE GAP
Registered Nurse and Bank Teller	\$73,398	\$220,194	\$328,500	(\$108,306)
Preschool Teacher and Police Officer	\$72,568	\$217,704	\$328,500	(\$110,796)
Bookkeeping Clerk and Paralegal	\$71,944	\$215,832	\$328,500	(\$112,668)
Fire Fighter and Nursing Aide	\$62,933	\$188,799	\$328,500	(\$139,701)
Receptionist and Security Guard	\$46,316	\$138,948	\$328,500	(\$189,552)

^{*}Affordable home price calculated as three times income

^{**2005} median single-family home price. Multiple Listing Survey

Common Misconceptions About Affordable Housing

Affordable Housing Will Drive Down Property Values

Numerous studies over time from around the country have shown that affordable housing has no negative impact on the price or frequency of sales of neighboring homes

Affordable Housing Will Look Like "Cheap" Housing

- Must comply with the same building restrictions and design standards as market-rate housing
- Blends in with market-rate housing



Fairfax County, Virginia



Boulder, Colorado



Lincoln, Massachusetts



Weston, Massachusetts





Market Rate Affordable







Affordable



Market Rate



Affordable

Why Do We Need More Affordable Housing In Naperville?

- Provides stability for workers, families, children, and seniors
- Reduces traffic congestion and air pollution
- Benefits employers and increases worker productivity
- Strengthens the social fabric



Longmont, Colorado

What is the Affordable Housing Crisis in DuPage?

- In 2005, the median sales price for a single-family home in DuPage County was the **highest in the state**
- 40% of DuPage County renters pay more than 30% of their income for rent
- **About 30%** of DuPage homeowners are paying more than 30% of their income on mortgage costs
- However, almost 60% of owner-occupied households earning less than \$50,000 in DuPage are dedicating more than 30% towards housing costs
- And, over 55% of DuPage renter households earning less than \$50,000 pay more than 30% of their income toward rent

What is the Affordable Housing Crisis in DuPage?

Low- and Extremely Low-Income DuPage Residents

- DuPage saw a 30% increase in the number of homeless people between 2002 and 2003*
- 3,895 households on Housing Choice Voucher waiting list in DuPage County in 2002**
- The DuPage Housing Authority will face a funding shortfall of over \$930,000 in 2005. That shortfall is estimated to grow to over 6 million by 2010.***

^{**}Not Even a Place In Line. Mid-America Institute on Poverty. 2003.

^{***} Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, Estimated Voucher Funding Shortfalls. February 2005.

What is the Affordable Housing Shortage in Naperville?

- 34% of Naperville households paying too much for rent in 2000
- 20% of homeowners paying too much
- 54% of Naperville households earning under \$50,000 pay more than 30% on housing costs
- About 40% of Naperville renters earning under \$50,000 pay too much for rent

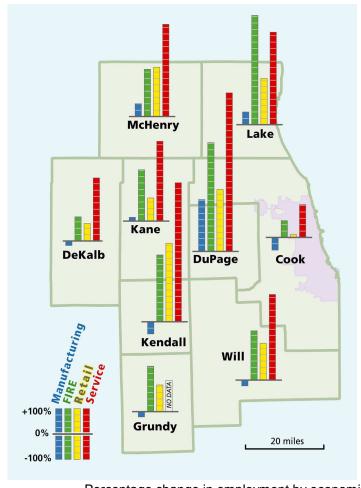
Home Values

- 2000: median value for single-family home: \$295,000
- **□** 2005: median value for single family home: \$420,000
- □ 2005: median value for new construction SF: \$795,000

Housing and Wages in DuPage

- Lower-wage service sector jobs have grown more than three times higher paying manufacturing jobs in DuPage County
- DuPage has seen the highest growth of lower-wage service sector jobs in 9 county region

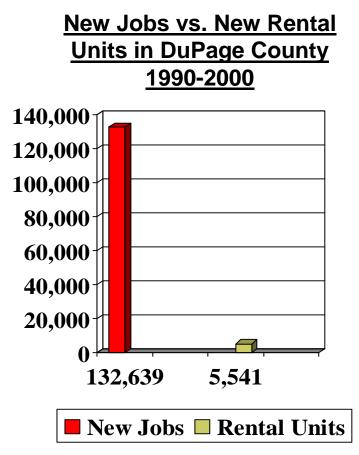
Chart Source: The Brookings Institution Center on Urban and Metropolitan Policy



Percentage change in employment by economic sector, 1970-2000, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Housing and Jobs in DuPage

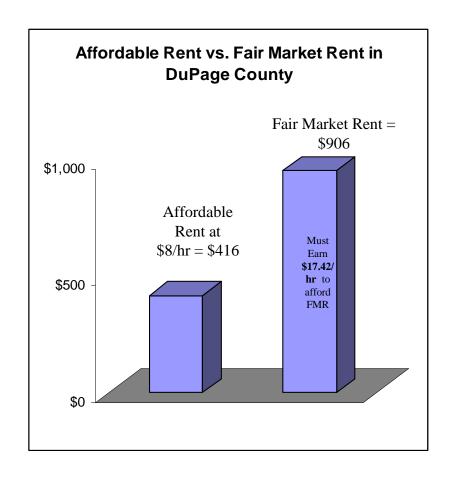
The supply of rental housing has not kept pace with growth in lower-wage jobs



Source: Chicago Metropolis 2020, "Recommendations for Developing Attainable Workforce Housing in the Chicago Region," 2002

Growing Housing Costs in DuPage

- A full-time minimum-wage worker in DuPage must earn \$17.42/hour to afford a two-bedroom apartment at FMR
- A minimum-wage worker would have to work 107 per week (or 3 full-time jobs)



Growing Housing Costs in DuPage

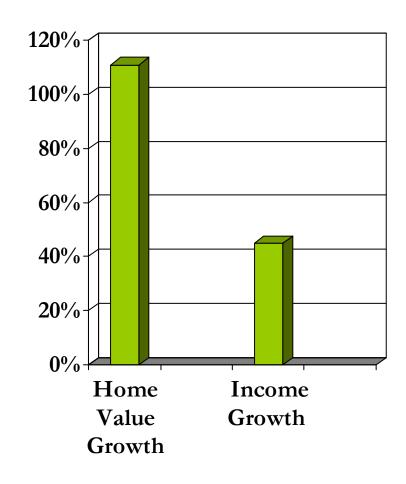
Home prices are outpacing incomes

-Homes: 40% 2000-2004 -Income: 3.4% 2000-2004

In Naperville

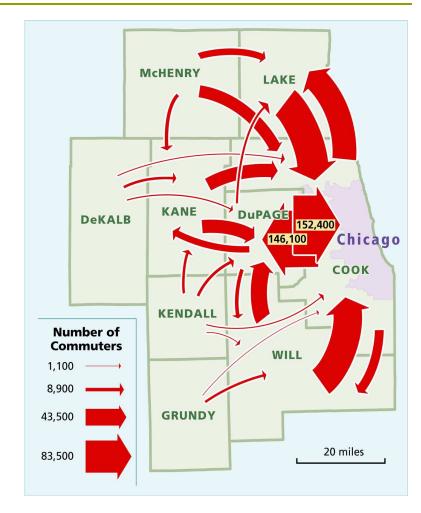
-Homes: 42% 2000-2005 -Income: 8% 2000-2005

Chart Data: U.S. Census 2000; Multiple Listing Service



Housing and Traffic Congestion in DuPage

 Jobs/Housing mismatch contributes to complex commuter patterns throughout the region



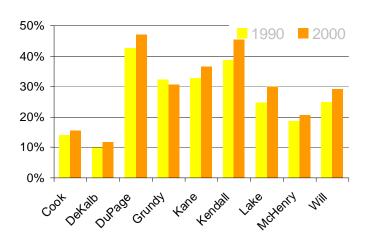
*Chart data source: Brookings Institution: Center on Urban and Metropolitan Policy

County-to-County Worker Flow (2000)

Housing and Traffic Congestion in DuPage

- Since 1970, DuPage has seen a <u>478% increase</u> in the number of commuters coming into DuPage to work. That's higher than any of the other 5 counties in the region, including Cook.
- Now almost half of the commuters working in DuPage County now come from elsewhere in the region

Percent of Commuters Each County Receives from Other Counties - 2002



Source: Brookings Institution: Center on Urban and Metropolitan Policy

Impact of Affordable Housing Shortage Affects Us All

The "Cost" of the Jobs-Housing Mismatch

- Increased air pollution and traffic congestion that costs the Chicago region over \$4 billion a year in wasted fuel, delayed shipments, and lost work time.
- Social Fabric: (diversity, seniors, young families, young adults, public servants and professions that serve the community)

Source: Texas Transportation Institute

What Can Be Done?

- Inclusionary Housing/Flexible Zoning
- 2. Funding/Financing: Trust Funds
- 3. Community Strategies: Community Land Trusts



Lincoln, Massachusetts

Inclusionary Housing

- Local Power of Zoning
- Market-Driven Tool
- Flexible/Multi-Faceted



St. Paul, Minnesota

Inclusionary Housing

- Promotes the production of affordable housing by requiring all new developments of a certain size to include a percentage of housing affordable to low- and moderateincome households.
- Developers can receive "cost-offsets" such as flexible zoning – to help make the cost of developing the affordable units feasible.

Inclusionary Housing

- IH in over 200 communities nationwide
- Significant production in suburbs, small cities, and large urban centers
- 30 years of experience and overwhelming evidence shows that IH does NOT slow or stop development
- No studies showing a negative effect on local property tax values or overall tax base



Boulder, Colorado

Funding/Financing: Housing Trust Funds

- Over 400 affordable housing trust funds across the country (city, county, state) with a variety of dedicated funding streams
- Secure and sensible way to help address housing needs
- Flexible can target range of populations and can consider a range of potential revenue sources



Lincoln, Massachusetts

Funding/Financing: Housing Trust Funds



Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dollars can be used for a range of housing activities:

- housing production
- rehabilitation or preservation
- first-time homebuyer assistance
- rental support

Funding/Financing: Housing Trust Funds

Potential Revenue Sources:

- Sale of City right of ways
- Linkage Impact Fees
- Permit Fees
- Developer Impact Fees
- Property Tax
- Real Estate Transfer Tax
- Document Recording Fees
- Demolition Tax
- □ Redevelopment Tax Increment
- Sale of City-Owned Land



St. Paul, Minnesota

Community Strategies: Community Land Trusts

- a private non-profit corporation created to acquire and hold land for the benefit of a community
- CLTs treat land and buildings differently. The land is held permanently by the land trust so that it will always benefit the community
- the home is sold either back to the CLT or to another lower income household, and for an affordable price.
- 36 states with CLTs



Highland Park, Illinois

What's Happening Around the Region?

First, a note on state context:

- 2003 Illinois Affordable Housing Planning and Appeal Act (10% law)
- DuPage communities affected:
 - Burr Ridge
 - Hinsdale
 - Naperville
 - Oak Brook
 - Oak Brook Terrace
 - Wayne
 - Winfield

Policies in Action: Highland Park

Context:

- Rising land values
- Loss of more moderately priced homes/apts
- Limited options for those working or struggling to live in the community
- Difficulty recruiting and retaining workers
- Median Sales Price 2005: \$585,000

Policies in Action: Highland Park

Inclusionary Housing Ordinance (2003)

- Any development over 5 units must include 20% moderately priced housing
- Cost offsets to the developer (1-for-1 density bonus, fee waivers)
- 2 developments in the pipeline that will create 9 affordable units

Affordable Housing Trust Fund (2003)

- dedicated funding stream (demolition tax)
- generated \$1.5 million since inception

Community Land Trust (2003)

- Private non-profit organization
- 9 permanently affordable homes to date

Arlington Heights



St. Paul, MN

- 108-unit condo development that will include a 20% set-aside. The affordable condos will sell for \$130,000 to \$140,000.
- negotiated through the use of flexible zoning. The developer received a rezoning of the land from industrial to residential and received some additional density. In return, the developer agreed to include the affordable units.
- Affordable in perpetuity

St. Charles

- "The Reserves" site:
 - owned by a developer looking to be annexed
 - City negotiated \$1.5 million in seed money for Affordable Housing Trust Fund as part of deal
- "Bricher Commons" site:
 - city used flexible zoning (i.e. permitted residential use when originally zoned for office and commercial
 - provided density bonus
 - Result: 20% affordable component to be included

Lake Forest

- 2003: Formed Ad Hoc Housing Committee
- 2005: Passed Inclusionary Housing Ordinance (15% over 5 units, fee waivers and density bonus offered, affordable in perpetuity)
- 2006: Demolition Tax passed (\$10,000 split between AH and GRF)
- Referendum for local RETT approved by voters

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